## EARLY BAR PREP

#### **Quick facts**

- Commercial bar prep course is essential
- Bar formats
  - Texas- 2.5 days
  - California
    - Two days Five 1 hour essays, one MPT, MBE
  - Uniform Bar Exam
    - NY, NY, MA, CO, WA, OR and 20 more
    - Two days; Day 1 is MBE, Day 2 is 2 MPTs, MEE (6 30-minute mixed subjectessays)

#### Why bar essays are different

- Purpose
- There is a right answer (but you can get points even with the wrong conclusion).
- More specific, concrete and concise than the typical law school exam.
- On UBE, multiple subjects in one essay.

# What do bar graders want to see you do?

- Analyze the facts of the question.
- 2. Material v. immaterial facts.
- Spot the issue find the legal problem.
- 4. Apply relevant legal principles to the facts provided.
- Organize your answer and make it easy to read.

## Answering a bar essay question

- Read the call of the question
- Read the question circling important items
- 3. Re-read the call
- 4. Outline your answer
- Write your answer
- 6. Re-read the call. Did you answer it?

#### Content of a bar essay

- Use the same legal analysis methods you learned in law school
- Determinative facts should take center stage
  - The graders know the facts. They don't need a recitation.
- Grammar, complete sentences and paragraphs matter
  - Be precise and concise
- Use headings
  - If given multiple prompts, label your answers and answer in the order asked.
- Acknowledge counterarguments where appropriate.
- Follow the same process for each answer. Develop a template.

#### Content of a bar essay

#### CRAC

- Conclusion Be explicit. Begin with, "Yes, ..." or No, ..."
- Rule State the applicable rule. Give the appropriate statute if you know it. "As a general rule..." or "Under the Texas \_\_\_\_\_\_ code, ..."
- Analysis Apply rules to relevant fact. "Here, ..." or "In this case, ..." or "Because.".
- Conclusion Repeat your explicit conclusion. "In sum, ..." or "Therefore...".

#### CIRAC

- You'll often be encouraged to include an issue statement. Some students find that it helps them focus their answer. Make sure you use facts from the question.
  - Bad: The issue is whether a life estate was created.
  - Good: The issue is whether the phrase "until she dies" created a life estate for Donna.

#### What to NOT put in your answer

- Avoid lengthy discussions of law
  - A brain dump will not help you on the bar.
  - Tell the graders what they want to hear
    - They spend an average of two minutes (TX) to three-five minutes (CA) reading your answer.
- Do not assume any facts (unless the call directs you to do so).
- Citations

## What I grade based on:

- Practically: Neat/legible. Paragraphs clearly identified.
- Confident/assertive tone. Is the writing style clear and concise?
- Writer answers the call of the question.
- Overall structure makes sense.
- Use of headings and appropriate transitional phrases to guide the reader through the answer.
- Begins with an explicit conclusion.
- Correctly identifies the issues raised.
- Explicit and accurate explanation of the applicable law.
- CRAC (IRAC) format.
- Law properly applied to the specific factual scenario in the question asked, dealing specifically with the determinative facts in the question.
- The essay and any subparts end with an express conclusion.

# Why do this now?